

EXTRA!

See Bulletin
in Red Ink at
Right of Page

Additional Details Will Appear in the Next Regular Edition of the AMERICAN



THE WEATHER

Fair tonight; Sunday merrily, probably followed by snow or rain; moderate northeast to east winds.
Sun rises 7:10; sets 4:38.
Moon sets 5:58 p. m.
High tide 11:45 a. m.

BOSTON AMERICAN

10 PM

IT'S ALL
HERE
IT'S ALL
NEW

VOL. 11—No. 297.

BOSTON, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915.

PRICE ONE CENT.

"A GREAT CEMETERY" SAYS TELEGRAM TO THE POPE FROM BISHOP OF MARSICA

ROME, Jan. 16.—How severely the Marsica district, in which Avezzano was located, suffered in the quake is told in the following telegram from Monsignor Bagnoli, bishop of the diocese, to Pope Benedict XV:

"The Marsica diocese has been transferred into a great cemetery. Avezzano and Capelle and Paterno were razed and almost all inhabitants were killed. Of the Ecclesiastics some are dead; some wounded. A few villages in the diocese are immune, but generally desolation reigns. It is an immense and distressing catastrophe."

Pope Benedict sent the following reply:

"Being the father of all the faithful, but first of the unfortunate, I am pierced with grief by the immense misfortune. I extend my arms to unhappy children and am praying for peace for the dead and comfort for the survivors."

SEIZE DACIA, IS DEMAND OF BRITISH PRESS

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Seizure of the kingship Dacia, a former German ship, which now flies the American flag, if she sails from her present neutral port, was urged upon the British government today in editorials of British newspapers. Excerpts from editorials follow:
Evening Standard—"The expectation is that the Dacia will be stopped by the British navy during her forthcoming voyage, taken into port, and her case brought before the prize court, so that her status can be definitely determined. This probably will happen because it ought to happen."
What the prize court can do is to express, with the help of the British navy, the British view of the transaction, and the response regarding it. There is no wish on this side of the Atlantic to interfere with American rights, but there is every intention to make sure that the work of our navy shall not be rendered abortive. America's respect for us is not likely to be increased if we sit down and watch the Germans securing by guile what they cannot achieve by force of arms.
If a solution is thus found the difficulties under which the rubber industry has labored during the prohibition of rubber exports will no doubt be considered highly solvable on both sides of the Atlantic.
Westminster Gazette—"If the Dacia can be turned into an American ship in this way, the British trade directly or indirectly with Germany, similar transfers may be made of all the German ships at present in American ports. The effect of that would be to deprive us of one of the advantages of sea power to which we are here we are legitimately entitled."

2 CHILDREN AT CLINTON DROWN; TWO MISSING

CLINTON, Jan. 16.—Monte Grady, ten-year-old daughter of Police Officer Patrick Grady of John street, and Annie Heister, ten-year-old daughter of Martin Heister, were drowned today in the Pond while playing on the ice near the culvert of the Boston & Maine Railroad. Both bodies have been recovered. Search is being made for two other children, supposed to have been in the party.
Hearing the screams of Harry, twelve-year-old son of Patrick Kildridge, Patrick Moran, telephone operator of the East tower, rushed out and saw Harry struggling in the water about a hundred yards away. Plunging into the water, Moran succeeded in reaching Harry, who was going down for the last time. Charles Moran, brother of Patrick, was on the ground with a ladder and rope and rescued both after a hard effort.
The children were playing on the ice with their sleds. Agnes and Martin Sheridan, daughters of John Sheridan, who are supposed to have been in the party of children are missing.
The accident happened near the culvert of the railroad, where the water runs in a swift current from Mosey pond to the pond. It is considered a dangerous spot in winter on account of the thin ice in that section.

3 Children Join Billy Sunday for Rest of Campaign

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—Billy Sunday's married daughter, Mrs. Helen Haines, and his two sons, William Sunday, Jr., thirteen years old, and Paul Sunday, seven, arrived here today and will stay with their father and mother during the rest of the campaign.
"The campaign in Philadelphia has been most successful so far," said Billy today. "But it has been hard on me."
Sunday preached at the Tabernacle this afternoon. "On Martha and Mary," was his topic, among tonight will be "Three groups."
Every member of the Sunday party is looking forward to the Washington visit on Monday. The party will leave in a private car attached to the 3:32 train over the Pennsylvania railroad.

Avezzano Surgeon Tells How He Worked 15 Hours to Dig Family From Ruins of Home

SORA, Italy, via Rome, Jan. 16. (Bulletin)—Seven hundred bodies of earthquake victims have been recovered here and the work in the ruins has covered only a small section of the town. Fifty of these bodies were taken out of the Carra Palace.

Only a few of the victims have been found alive. The work of digging into the ruins went on all night by the light of torches. None of the inhabitants who escaped with their lives will return to the ruins. They are camped in the open outside of the town. Many women have been driven insane by their suffering.

ROME, Jan. 16.—Among 600 earthquake refugees who arrived here early today from Avezzano were Count Filippo Resta, Countess Resta and three of their young sons.

The Count personally rescued his family by digging for fifteen hours in the ruins of his residence, one of the finest in Avezzano. A fourth son was also saved.

Count Resta is a physician, and after digging out his family he joined the relief force working in Avezzano. He gave the first definite account of the destruction of Avezzano. He said:

"The first shock was felt shortly after 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning. It was sufficient to arouse the family, but as no more tremors followed immediately all returned to their beds except myself."

FELT THE HOUSE FALLING.

"I had gone through the rooms picking up some articles that the first shocks had shaken to the floor and was sitting near a door when just before 3 o'clock the vibrations began with terrific violence. It was like being upon the sea when the water is rough. The earth waves were undulating and were of such force that the strongest buildings tumbled down like houses of cards."

"I felt the house giving way and I could hear the creaking of the walls, then the crash of falling beams and plaster. Instinctively I leaped toward the doorway, and as I did so I heard the roar of falling wreckage behind me. I uttered a prayer in my heart for my family, but I knew that in such a disaster they would have little chance to escape death in their beds."

"The street and the gardens in front of my residence seemed to be rising and falling as though some mighty force beneath the surface of the earth was pressing upward and outward. I was thrown from my feet, so strong were the undulations which accompanied the tremors, and on all sides I could hear the crash of falling masonry and the cries of men, women and children aroused from sleep. Some, like myself, who had been aroused by the previous shocks, had not returned to bed and they owed their lives to their precautions."

DEATH OF WOMAN'S CREW.

"I was badly frightened, but my senses took note of happenings around me which came vividly to my mind afterwards."

For instance, I remember hearing a woman's scream cut short in the middle as though she had been quickly killed.
"As soon as the quaking had ceased I began to tear at the debris of my home, not even waiting for daylight. I worked like an obsessed. I was careless of my torn hands and the blood that dripped down over my nails. I felt no fatigue. The thought kept running through my mind: 'I must get them before they suffocate. I knew nothing that passed around me. I felt no hunger. I was temporarily out of my mind. For fifteen hours I struggled, tearing at the stones and beams like a madman. Then assistance came. When told that I had been working continuously for 15 hours I would not believe it at first.'"

Other details of the earthquake on page 2.

Arrest of Italian Consul by Germans

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 16.—Private citizens residing here from Luxembourg (the Italian vice-consul there, has been arrested by the Germans and his possessions seized.)
Reports from Aix-la-Chapelle say that the German authorities of that city are threatening the Italian consulate there in the belief that it is to side with the allies.

Morgans Now Act as British Agents

LONDON, Jan. 16.—J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York have been appointed commercial agents for the British government, facilitating the negotiations for purchase made in the United States by the government.

John E. Parsons, New York Lawyer Is Dead

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—John E. Parsons, the well-known corporation lawyer, died at his home here today.

CARRANZA LIFTS EMBARGO ON OIL

LONDON, Jan. 16.—According to a news agency announcement, General Carranza has notified the British Foreign Office that his embargo upon the exportation of oil from Mexico by American concerns has been lifted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Great Britain's strong protest against the closing down by General Carranza of the oil wells owned by her citizens in the Tampico district has given rise to the belief that the United States government will adopt a more vigorous policy in Mexico than has hitherto characterized its dealings with the strife-torn republic. Government officials believe that serious complications may result over the attitude of the Carranza regime, and it is felt that the foremost of the United States' interests in the republic, the United States protect the property of their subjects, or these countries will themselves take steps to protect their citizens.

GERMANS CROSS THE AISNE, IN ATTACK ON SOISSONS BIG GUNS SHELL THE CITY

The Germans have crossed the Aisne to the south, according to a Vienna report today and are preparing to attack Soissons. A Paris dispatch says they are now bombarding the city.

The German and Paris official statements, issued today, make no mention of these facts, but state the battle in the battle in the vicinity of Soissons is still raging. Both sides claim gains in various parts of the battle front from the coast to Alsace.

In the eastern war zone the Russians are reported to have moved a fresh army of 800,000 for a new offensive in northern Poland.

England continues preparations to meet the German invasion peril. United Kingdom farmers have been forbidden to sow corn and other grains that might be of use to an invader and fortifications are being rushed along the entire coast line.

For other details of the war see page 2.

VERY LATEST NEWS

HAVY SOLDIERS KILLED AND INJURED AT SOISSONS

ROME, Jan. 16.—Severe earthquake shocks lasting for four seconds razed many of the walls left standing at Soissons today.

A number of soldiers working in the ruins are reported to have been killed and injured. The shocks were also felt in towns near Sora. Unverified reports say that more than 100 died in that vicinity.

THE
Second Instalment
OF THE
Confessions
OF A
Harvard Man
WILL BE FOUND
ON PAGE 5

FIRE AND STARVATION NEW HORRORS OF ITALIAN QUAKE

By BRIXTON D'ALLAIRE,
Boston American Correspondent.

ROME, Jan. 15.—Fire and starvation today added their horrors to the great earthquake disaster. Flames have broken out in several of the towns wrecked by the quake and many persons trapped in the ruins of their homes have been burned to death.

The Italian troops sent into the stricken district to succor the injured and unwounded survivors have been unable thus far to reach all the ruined towns, and in these scores of women and children are perishing for lack of food.

After receiving reports from twenty-five towns today, Premier Salandra stated that 26,186 had been listed as dead. At that time there remained thirty-five of the shattered towns and villages to hear from.

Avezzano is a town of the dead, not of the living. Under the wreckage lies practically the entire town population of the ill-fated place with the exception of the few who have been dug out by the soldiers in their native towns and are spurred on to additional efforts by the hope that they may be able to save relatives or friends.

A graphic picture of the conditions at Avezzano was given today by Lieutenant-Colonel George M. Dunn, military attaché of the United States Embassy at Rome. He was in charge of the automobiles that took to Avezzano the blankets contributed for the relief of the sufferers by Mrs. Thomas Nelson-Paine, wife of the American ambassador.

"The devastation at Avezzano was the most awful my eyes have ever witnessed," he said. "We entered Avezzano at what had been Napoli street. Down as far as the piazza Torlonia there was a single house standing on either side of what had been the town's main thoroughfare."

Working night and day among the ruins to save those imprisoned by heaps of debris, the Italian troops are performing heroic deeds. More than 500 soldiers have been hurt more or less severely in the great task that is being performed.

In many places the debris was seven and eight feet high, so that no person could have lived in the street even if they succeeded in escaping from their homes. The same was true of every other street in the unfortunate town. There is not a single private dwelling or public edifice that is not a mass of crumbling ruins. I discovered only three buildings intact and these were stable.

TEN ALIVE IN DEBRIS.

I found many rescue parties working to save those entombed alive. In two houses near the Piazza Torlonia ten persons were found still alive. The soldiers set to work to save them.

NAZARETH ACADEMY SUPERIOR PRAISES FATHER JOHN'S MEDICINE

In a recent letter the Mother Superior of Nazareth Academy, says: "I have no hesitations except praise for Father John's medicine. Several of the sisters have been taking it and all have been benefited by it. (Signed) Mother Superior, Nazareth Academy, Kansas."

Father John's Medicine is recommended for colds, throat and lung troubles and as a tonic and blood purifier, because it does not contain any alcohol or dangerous drugs.

as soon as they heard faint cries coming from the debris.

"In the other parts of the towns we saw gangs working with frenzied haste to free victims with whom they could already communicate. I saw two persons released from the wreckage after many hours' work. They were in a pitiable state for lack of food and water."

"It has been impossible to bury the dead. All efforts are being concentrated on the rescue of those still living. As fast as the corpses are taken out they are laid in long rows and covered from the sight."

"All this sounds horrible and I dislike to tell it, but as a matter of fact the horrors are so great that it cannot be adequately described."

Lieut.-Col. Dunn praised highly the work of the soldiers and the members of the Italian field hospital corps detailed to Avezzano.

"Though working under the greatest difficulties, they are accomplishing wonders," he said.

"Scores who are now alive would have perished but for their efforts."

Lieutenant-Commander Charles R. Train, the American naval attaché here, took a relief automobile of the United States Embassy into the Liri River valley and returned today with the most encouraging news that has been received from Sora.

"I left Sora three hours ago," he said. "The officers superintending the work there told me that the fate of the inhabitants was not as bad as had at first been reported."

"Though the town was practically destroyed, the great majority of the inhabitants escaped and are now returning to see what can be saved from their former homes."

"Early reports from Sora had said that from 500 to 4,000 had been killed. All along our route, confirmed the American naval officer, who was almost worn out, we saw nothing but devastation. At Arsoi, west of Avezzano, the homeless are being cared for in a concentration camp. We distributed blankets freely and the survivors thanked us heartily. I never shall forget the ghastly scenes that I witnessed."

Rumors were received here last night that the Liri River had flooded Avezzano and had drowned many of the survivors there. Premier Salandra stated today that no confirmation of these rumors had been received and that he doubted them, as the town lay considerably above the river.

The Premier expressed his gratitude to the efforts of the American embassy to relieve the suffering among the survivors.

"The situation is well in hand now," said the Premier. "We were able to work systematically in this emergency because of experience gained in former disasters and only unforeseen obstacles can hinder the work of relief that is being pressed with all haste."

A cabinet meeting was held this morning. It was decided that the money appropriated at the first session after the earthquake would be sufficient for present needs.

Rhode Island Has Quake Relief Bill

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 15.—A bill providing for an appropriation of \$2,000 to aid the earthquake sufferers in Italy has been introduced in the Legislature and referred to a committee.

ITALIAN KING AT SCENE OF EARTHQUAKE



For the second time within seven years, King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has been compelled to lay away the cares of State and hurry to the aid of his stricken subjects, victims of another earthquake. This photograph, taken at Avezzano, after the quake of December, 1908, shows King Victor and several of his staff in the region where the greatest havoc was wrought.

CURLEY TO JOIN CHARITABLE IRISH

MAYOR CURLEY is among the new members proposed for admission to the Charitable Irish society at its monthly meeting in Young's Hotel next Monday evening. The Mayor is proposed by Joseph F. Manning, John J. Keenan and James P. Lough. Cardinal (O'Sullivan) had intended to be present and address the society at this meeting, but finds it will be impossible and has delegated Rev. Fr. Maloney to be his representative and convey his greetings to the society. Fr. Maloney will speak on "The Old Mission of California," illustrated by colored stereoscopic views.

Big Audience Heard Holmes on England

Another large audience heard for Stephen Hall this afternoon to hear Boston Police repeat a new travelogue on England which he gave the evening before to open his lecture course in Boston. Next Friday evening Mr. Holmes will lecture on Scotland.

Particularly charming items in his travelogue on "England" were intimate pictures of the British King and Queen, and stirring war pictures. Places of English university life were revealed in pictures of Oxford and Cambridge. At Oxford the audience saw: Indiana, Stranahan, Jones, Hayes, Walter Hines Page and other notable Americans studying in the halls of honorary degree recipients. Shakespearean scenes at Avon, the Angles, the history of the city and other notable English places and gatherings were among the features.

Poisoned Bread Case Dismissed at Lynn

The charge against James J. Faby of Lynn, accused of giving Peter Darcy, two and one-half years old, a piece of poisoned bread, was dismissed in the police court in that city. This action was recommended by Deputy Police Chief Bartlett.

Grady Commends Mounted Officer

Pike Commissioner Grady today wrote a letter to Police Commissioner Mr. McKim commending Mounted Officer Connelly for the latter's work in the case of the fire on the street car at the time of the Oliver street fire on January 7.

American Red Cross Sends Italy \$20,000

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The American Red Cross has decided to cable \$20,000 to the Italian Red Cross.

WALSH WRITING B. & M. MESSAGE

FITCHBURG, Jan. 15.—Following his participation in the dedication of a State armory here, Governor Walsh announced he was preparing to send a message to the Legislature next week on the need of legislation to permit a thorough reorganization of the Boston & Maine Railroad system. "It is not my intention to present a bill to the Legislature," added Governor Walsh. "I shall ask only for permissive legislation which will give the Boston & Maine trustees authority to undertake a thorough reorganization of the system. It is apparent to anyone who has looked into the situation that it is of prime importance that the system be reorganized. Except under most extraordinary conditions the trustees have no power to proceed with the proper reorganization, and it is for this reason that the stamp of approval by the Legislature is sought."

Boston Men Go to Trade Convention

Four members of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will go as delegates of that organization to the Second National Foreign Trade Convention, which meets in St. Louis January 21-22. The Boston delegates are: Edward P. Mcweeney, chairman of the Port Directors; Henry Howard, Edward P. Gay and Charles E. Wyzanski. Arrangements for their trip are being made jointly by the Chamber and the Port Directors.

Mr. Howard is to discuss "Problems Arising in War and Commerce," and Professor Gay, who is dean of the Graduate School of Business Administration in McGill University, will discuss "Commercial Relations for Foreign Trade." Another member of the delegation is Benjamin Joy, of the National Bank Building.

Railway Men Live Cheap at Taunton

Superintendent James H. Murphy of the Taunton division, testified at the Taunton Street Railway Company hearing, that many motormen and conductors on his division lived just as well as those of the road.

The names and addresses of seven Taunton motormen and conductors, who, Mr. Murphy believed, lived better than officials, were furnished the subscribers at the request of Daniel V. Maher, the railway's representative on the board.

Life Saving Exhibition.

There will be a life saving exhibition tonight at eight, at the Boston Y. M. C. A. The exhibition team, consisting of the Boston Y. M. C. A. and the Boston Y. W. C. A. will give a dry land exhibition in life saving and swimming strokes in connection with the evening entertainment. The swimming instructor, will lecture.

Crew of Boston Schooner Saved

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The steamer Malcho, which arrived today from Mexico ports, had on board the crew of the schooner John W. Dana of Boston, who were rescued at sea on January 14. The Dana sailed from Charleston for New York on January 2. But on January 12, about 40 miles southwest of Cape Henry, she ran into a hurricane and became straggled. Her boats and foremast were carried away and the crew were obliged to take to the flying. On January 14 the Malcho succeeded in rescuing the crew.

May Prosecute Wheat Combines

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Prominent among the features of the present times is the discovery of any evidence of illegal combination. One of the recent marked increases in the cost of wheat and flour has been attributed to the alleged combination of the wheat and flour merchants. Attorney-General Gregory, in a letter to the United States district attorney at St. Paul, Minn., has asked him to investigate the situation with a view to prosecuting the wheat combines.

Immigration Stays at Million Mark

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Indications are that immigration has reached the million mark, says Anthony Dainoff, Commissioner of Immigration. In his annual report for 1914 he stated that 1,218,486 immigrants to the United States were received during the previous year. These figures were 12,492, and 2,847 were arrested and expelled after entry. Among them were 1,348 females, 12 females, 22 polygamists and four anarchists.

British Forces Win in Africa

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The forces of the Union of South Africa have defeated German troops in the west Africa, according to the Press Telegram Company.

Machine Needle Is Run Through Finger

WEST BOYLSTON, Jan. 15.—While using a sewing machine, Mrs. Cress of West Boylston, ran the needle through a finger, liable to remove the needle she had to sit at the machine until a physician came.

TO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

MAKERS OF THE "CLASSIFY" machine, which is used by the Post Office to classify mail, are urged to send their machines to the Post Office for classification.

KAISER ASKS FOR BIRTHDAY PRAYER

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—In a letter to Dr. von Harnack, chief of the imperial chancery, Emperor William expresses the desire that his birthday on January 27 be celebrated very quietly. In part the Kaiser's letter says: "The view of the gravity of the present times is a joy to me. I have the whole German people and their prince are with me in the hour of the year, which has been cleared of French troops."

HAMPERED BY FLOODS.

French artillery stationed on the south bank of the Aisne between Vie Sur Aisne and Compiègne, has been carrying on a violent bombardment of the German positions, throwing their shells across the flooded rivers. It was supposed here that this cannonade was the prelude to a series of counter attacks by the French. General Joffre's forces are still handicapped on the Aisne by the German positions, which makes it difficult for the men to cross. The usually sluggish stream is high and swift and soldiers who try to build pontoon bridges work under a double difficulty.

Belgians Call More Reserves for Army

BRUXELLES, Jan. 15.—The Belgian government has decided to call upon all unmarried men from eighteen to thirty years. Every one will have to make a declaration before the council of his district within three days under penalty of being considered a deserter.

Paris Shades Lights, Fearing Air Raiders

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Fearing further raids by the German flyers, the military authorities here that shades be used to conceal lights in Paris and suburbs, and that, when possible, all lights shall be extinguished.

50,000 Texan Horses Sold to the Allies

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 15.—Contractors have been signed here calling for the delivery of 50,000 horses for the use of the British and German troops. The first shipment of 5,000 will be made February 1.

SAVING FOR CHRISTMAS?

Is Not Important. Do Yourself Justice. Save from \$1 to \$25 Each Month in Volunteer Co-operative Bank.

20 TREMONT ST. INTEREST PAID FOR FIRST 5 YEARS 5%.

GERMANS SHELL SOISSONS AS BIG BATTLE CONTINUES

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Germans are following up their gains over the French on the Aisne by the bombardment of Soissons, according to Paris dispatches today.

Which is the centre of the French base of operations in the Aisne district and there are signs that the Germans may attempt to cross to the south bank of the river.

A Vienna dispatch of deep importance is the report that the Germans have effected a crossing to the south bank of the Aisne in the capture of a bridge near Misy, and are preparing to launch an attack on Soissons.

This and the new offensive by the Russians in northern Poland, where Grand Duke Nicholas is said to have massed a new army of 800,000, emphasize the importance of the news of the war today.

Paris and Berlin dispatches agree in the announcement that the great battle at Soissons is raging with unabated fury. In spite of the fact that the French have been obliged to retire east of the city, Paris emphasizes the beginning of a counter offensive by the French as indicated in the capture by the French of the town of St. Paul to the northwest of Soissons. No fear is entertained in Paris that the Germans will succeed in breaking through the allied lines, even though they succeed in capturing Soissons itself. The allies advanced on the road from Soissons to Lillie and in the Argonne, as well as in Flanders.

The German General Staff announces the capture of six towns north of Soissons, including Curries and Croix. The north bank of the Aisne, northeast of Soissons, it says, has been cleared of French troops.

It is reported in this city that the Russian General Staff has reached the opinion that the Germans are preparing for a general aggressive movement to the west and southwest of Warsaw.

Staff officers say that this opinion is borne out by the fact that the Germans have removed their sick and wounded from Lodz and Piotrkow into Prussia and have changed their ammunition bases.

Furthermore, information has been received here of the arrival of large bodies of German troops in Northern Hungary and their distribution at points within striking distance of the fortified positions covering the northern entrances in Hungary and the principal passes of the Carpathians now held by the Russians.

This is taken to indicate that the Germans are reinforcing the Austrian troops for a vigorous effort to free Northern Hungary from the danger of further Russian advances.

In the Turkish zone Petrograd reports the destruction of an entire Turkish regiment.

HANDKERCHIEFS 5361 at 25c Each

A special purchase from a New York importer of several thousand embroidered handkerchiefs in a great variety of patterns. The exact quantities and regular prices are as follows:

315 Handkerchiefs, regularly \$1.50 each
858 Handkerchiefs, regularly \$1.00 each
1644 Handkerchiefs, regularly 75c each
2544 Handkerchiefs, regularly 50c each

NOW 25c EACH

R. H. Stearns & Company

AFFAIR OF THE NEW COLLEGE

"Tip" Knox Forsaken by Shopgirl Bride Effort to Mend Broken Romance Is Vain

RECORD OF EARLY

IN LOVE AFFAIRS

No. 1.—In 1903 married Emma

Flachbacher, who divorced

him in 1908.

No. 2.—In 1909 married Julia

Knox, "Soul Mate," who dis-

covered her "Soul Mate" title

was clouded and secured an

annulment in 1910.

No. 3.—In 1910 Gertrude Dunn

of Chicago traveled abroad with

him, gaining "Soul Mate" ex-

cellency.

No. 4.—On June 16, 1911,

married Helen Theodore Sid-

ford.

No. 5.—In 1913 occurred his

last soul mate affair with

Charlotte Herman.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Ferdinand

Pharisee Earle, the janky artist, who

brought the word "affinity" out of its

dictionary obscurity and made it no-

torious, has come to life again near

this city.

With Miss Charlotte Herman, his

most recent soul mate and their six-

months-old daughter he is living in the

Summer cottage of his brother,

Arthur Earle, in the best residential

section of Allentown, N. J., a suburb

of Asbury Park.

They have been there since Novem-

ber 15, but the Allentown villagers

do not know it. To the late Wil-

son residents of the resort, to the

residents who have been supplying

him, and even to the postoffice au-

thorities they have been known as

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Elliott. A story

spread throughout Allentown

that they were a couple who came

here from Germany with their baby

to get away from the horrors of

the war. The man of many wiles at

first told that story to regulars who

traced the couple to their obscure

residence. "The Elliotts," that af-

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Pharisee C. Knox, Jr., son of the former Secretary of State, and his bride, who was Miss Mary Miller, of the South.

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LOVE AND NORDICA NOTES TO HUSBAND

A great mass meeting on the Bos-

ton street steps of the State House

to demand action for the relief of the

starving, soon to be held, is being

organizing, today by the Women's

Trade Union League.

While the mass meeting, according

to Miss Mallett, secretary of the

league, will be primarily to urge ac-

tion on Governor Walsh's recom-

mendations for relief of the unem-

ployed, its real object is to help

the women out of work.

Plans for the mass meeting followed

the adoption by the league on Wed-

nesday of resolutions urging immedi-

ate action.

Miss O'Connor, Julia O'Connor

and Anne Whitcomb, the two best

known speakers of the Executive Board

of the league, are directing the work

of organization. Miss Whitcomb, and

Julia O'Connor went to the govern-

ment and to Mayor Curtis yesterday

and presented to him copies of the resolu-

tions.

Miss O'Connor said today:

"We realize that while many plans

are on foot, there is no immediate

work for the State to help

directly. But the women we

work on public works, it would

be a great help to the women

on that point. Their wages are

so low that there is no margin for

living in any case, and for these

women is a very difficult task.

"We are asked to consider whether

there is not some plan which can

be given women without creating

any women out of employment.

Important Announcement

TO

SILVER SOUVENIR SPOON COLLECTORS



GREATEST SPOON OFFER EVER MADE

The Boston American has completed extensive arrangements with the **Oneida Community, Ltd.**, and other reliable silverware manufacturers for a specially designed series of beautiful silver souvenir spoons.

The first spoon to be distributed will bear a handsomely engraved seal of the State of Massachusetts and be followed by spoons engraved with the seals of other states.

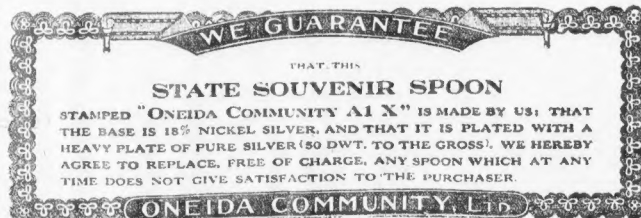
The written guarantee of the manufacturer as shown below, which is given with each spoon, insures the extra heavy and extra durable plate of *pure silver*.

Think of being able to obtain guaranteed silver spoons like these at 12½c each, 2 for 25c!

It is a splendid opportunity to start a collection of exquisite heavily plated silverware at an extraordinarily low price.

WAIT

for the full details presented by the Boston American Monday.



DON'T

buy any other spoons until you find out all about these.

Full Details of Plan of Distribution Will be Printed in Monday's

BOSTON AMERICAN

CONFESSIONS OF A HARVARD MAN

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WOMEN SWIMMERS LATEST
TO COME UNDER THE A. A. U.
PROFESSIONAL FINANCE CHARGE

BEST IN AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

BOWLERS STRIVING HARD
TO LAND PRIZES IN BOSTON
AMERICAN'S BIG TOURNEY

WILLIAM JOHNSON
BEAT JOHNSON

By ED W. SMITH.
Will Johnson has been making some very interesting news about the Johnsons' ring record to date. He says that the Johnsons' ring record to date is 10-0-0. That is, they have won 10 out of 10 fights. That is a record that no other boxer has ever achieved. Johnson says that he is very proud of his record. He says that he is very confident that he will continue to win. He says that he is very confident that he will continue to win. He says that he is very confident that he will continue to win.

Mutt and Jeff Put One Over on Each Other



By "Bud" Fisher



HUGGINS MUST
TAKE LONG REST

CINCINNATI, Jan. 15.—The Cincinnati Reds have lost their fighting general manager, Fred Huggins, to a severe cold. Huggins has been out of the office for several days. He is expected to be out for at least a week. The Reds are without a general manager for the first time in several years. The team is now under the management of the general manager's assistant, Sam Houston. Houston is a former player and has been with the Reds for several years. He is expected to continue to manage the team until Huggins returns.

The Rabbit's Foot
By Walter J. Moraville
SHORT STOP OF THE BRAVES

Edie Catlin was recently discussing the game of baseball with a group of friends. He was talking about the importance of the short stop position. He said that the short stop is one of the most important positions on the field. He said that the short stop is the player who is responsible for the defense of the infield. He said that the short stop is the player who is responsible for the defense of the infield. He said that the short stop is the player who is responsible for the defense of the infield.

DEACON WOOD
TO MEET IN RING

By JACK CONWAY.
PATRICK DELACCA, one of the best-known boxing managers in the country, has announced that he will manage Deacon Wood in his next fight. Wood is a former champion and has been out of the ring for several years. He is expected to return to the ring in the near future. Delacca is a well-known manager and has managed many of the top fighters in the world. He is expected to help Wood regain his former glory.

Food for Sport Fans

THE NEAR SKATER.
We watched as he spun and gyrated. We watched as he whirled and twirled. We watched as he danced and frolicked. We watched as he performed his amazing feats of agility and grace. We watched as he entertained the crowd with his unique style of skating. We watched as he became the star of the show. We watched as he became the most popular skater in the city. We watched as he became the most beloved skater in the world.

Kid Gleason Most
Likely to Hang On

Kid Gleason may, as he says, be out of baseball for good, but there are those who believe that he will stay in the game. Gleason is a former player and has been out of the game for several years. He is expected to return to the game in the near future. Gleason is a well-known player and has played for many of the top teams in the world. He is expected to continue to play for many years to come.

Sport Questions and Answers

Have a little bet down on the Arcan ball when the series gets under way.
Q. What is the best way to bet on the Arcan ball?
A. The best way to bet on the Arcan ball is to bet on the team that is favored to win. This is usually the team that has the better record. This is usually the team that has the better record. This is usually the team that has the better record.

Freddie Welsh is
Dodging Saylor

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 15.—An abundance of reports for Freddie Welsh to fight Saylor in the near future have been circulating. Welsh is a well-known fighter and has been out of the ring for several years. He is expected to return to the ring in the near future. Saylor is a well-known fighter and has been out of the ring for several years. He is expected to return to the ring in the near future.

Sullivan New Owner
of Lawrence Team

Daniel A. Sullivan has disposed of his holdings in the Lawrence club to Joseph A. Sullivan. Sullivan is a well-known owner and has owned the club for many years. He is expected to continue to own the club for many years to come. Sullivan is a well-known owner and has owned the club for many years. He is expected to continue to own the club for many years to come.

Tom Halpin After
Big C. A. C. Trophy

The Boston track and field club is expected to win the C. A. C. trophy. The club has been very successful in recent years and is expected to continue to be successful in the future. The club is a well-known club and has won many trophies in the past. The club is a well-known club and has won many trophies in the past.

Paul Des Jardien
to Join the Cubs

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Paul Des Jardien, a former player, is expected to join the Chicago Cubs. Des Jardien is a well-known player and has played for many of the top teams in the world. He is expected to continue to play for many years to come. Des Jardien is a well-known player and has played for many of the top teams in the world. He is expected to continue to play for many years to come.

Name Gotham Boys
for Big Bouts Here

The following Gotham boys have been nominated to represent New York in the upcoming boxing tournament. The boys are expected to be very successful in the tournament. The boys are expected to be very successful in the tournament. The boys are expected to be very successful in the tournament.

What Club Pays
Lajoie's Salary?

That Connie Mack has not assumed the entire contract of Lajoie is a fact that has been known for some time. Lajoie is a well-known player and has played for many of the top teams in the world. He is expected to continue to play for many years to come. Lajoie is a well-known player and has played for many of the top teams in the world. He is expected to continue to play for many years to come.

THE HOUSE
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER
Planked Chicken \$1.50
JAPANESE GARDENS

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SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER
Planked Chicken \$1.50
JAPANESE GARDENS

Krazy Kat

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THE DINGBAT FAMILY



ABIE THE AGENT

Copyright, 1915, International News Service.

He Sees Another Movie To-day, but He'll Be Able on the Job Monday



JERRY ON THE JOB

Copyright, 1915, International News Service.

Old George W. Had Nothing on the Boy



POLLY AND HER PALS

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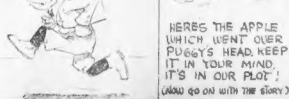
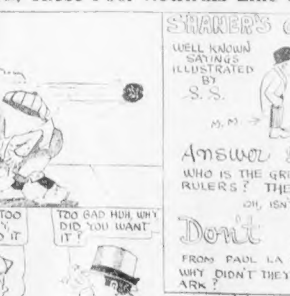
You Saw This Coming, Too, Didn't You?



US BOYS

Copyright, 1915, United States Patent Office.

Oh, These Poor Neutrals Like Skinny Shaner!



SHAKER'S COOKY DEPT

WELL KNOWN SAYINGS ILLUSTRATED BY S.S.

COME UP TO THE HOUSE SOME TIME!

ANSWER 2 Yesterdays

WHO IS THE GREATEST OF HOME RULERS? THE BABY

OH, ISN'T THAT SWEET!

Don't go yet!

FROM PAUL LA VERGE, D. S. A.

WHY DIDN'T THEY PLAY CARDS ON THE ARN?

ANSWER MONDAY

ALL FOR THE LADIES

(TELL US YOUR TROUBLES HERE!)

THE OTHER DAY WE MENTIONED THAT FOR TWO CENTS WE COULD GET THIS COLUMN, RIGHT OFF THE HANDLE, OUR FRIEND 'WOODY' OF PHILLY SENDS US TWO CENTS, BUT ONE OF THEM IS SHORT, NOTHING DOING, WE WON'T ACCEPT THE BRIBE.

BOSTON AMERICAN

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, JAN. 16, 1915.

President Elliott Says the New Haven Is Practicing the Strictest Economy

Yet Two Lawyers Were Paid \$70,000 for Legal Services in the Adjustment of the Relations Between the New Haven and the Federal Government—Just a Few Weeks' Work

President Elliott of the New Haven Railroad addressed the Public Service Commission recently on the need of enabling legislation for the New Haven Railroad during the coming year.

He told a sad story of the poverty and financial difficulties of the New Haven Railroad, with its decreasing earnings. He assured the commission that the management of the railroad was practicing the strictest economy.

Did Mr. Elliott speak the truth? The general public knows nothing of the details of railroad management and can only appraise the claims of its managers by the few facts which occasionally come to light. A very interesting fact has just been made public through that most excellent rule which was established by the commission on the insistence of George W. Anderson and which ultimately led to a combination of the lobbyists to force him off the Railroad Commission. This rule requires, among other things, that the fees paid by railroads to lawyers should be filed with the commission for public inspection. Under the obligation of this rule, the New Haven Railroad reported that it had paid to Mr. Moorfield Storey for his legal services in the adjustment of the relations between the New Haven and the federal government the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars, and that it also paid to Mr. Hines of New York an equal sum, thus making to these two men a payment of seventy thousand dollars for a few weeks' work.

Now the services which these gentlemen rendered are fairly well known to hundreds of people in Massachusetts, because they concern chiefly the relation of the railroad to public authorities. It is certain that Mr. Storey's services were not of special value. Assuming the ability of Mr. Storey to render unusually valuable services, the conditions did not permit the display of that exceptional ability, and it must have been known to intelligent railroad managers that the conditions did NOT REQUIRE such special legal ability.

Considering the amount of time which Mr. Storey gave to his work, his pay is many times the sum this nation pays to the President of the United States, and it is out of all proportion to the value of the services. It is wrong even for an OPULENT RAILROAD to pay such fees. It is inconceivable for the New Haven, in its present financial condition, to think of paying anything like such fees.

The managers of the road are under no illusion about the value of such services. Such enormous and disproportionate fees have a variegated history in which the STRICTLY LEGAL service plays the least important part.

Sometimes a lawyer has been hired for the sake of giving him a job, and in politics that would be called graft. Sometimes he has been hired because he is known to have influential political connections, and in politics that too would be called graft. Sometimes he has been hired because he stands well in the community and the enterprise which he is asked to further needs respectability. It is also not a form of graft? But running through all the motives for paying these tremendous fees is the appreciation by the railroad managers that thousands of weak men in the community look with awe upon a man who is known to receive enormous pay for his work. This defect in the public standard for measuring men is thought to make large salaries increase the influence of the railroad world and to enable the railroads to keep dangling before the lawyers of influence the prospect of highly remunerative employment. This is thought to have a tendency to keep the legal profession in the railroad tracks.

This theory may be correct, but the influence of the railroad world is over-great without any such addition, AND THE COST COMES ENTIRELY OUT OF THE PUBLIC.

When the people of Massachusetts get thoroughly into their heads the understanding that every dollar which the New Haven Railroad and the Boston & Maine improperly and extravagantly spend must come out of the public pocket they will stop this kind of extravagance.

In the very next column of the Boston newspaper which contained the speech of President Elliott of the New Haven Railroad before the Public Service Commission appeared the announcement of the proposed increase of fares on the Boston & Maine in the Metropolitan district. FROM BOSTON TO CAMBRIDGE THE RAILROAD PROPOSES TO INCREASE ITS FARE TWO CENTS, AND THREE CENTS TO EVERETT, FIVE CENTS TO LYNN, ONE CENT TO MELROSE, THREE CENTS TO REVERE, FIVE CENTS TO SOMERVILLE, FIVE CENTS TO STONEHAM, FIVE CENTS TO WATERTOWN, FIVE CENTS TO WEST MEDFORD, AND FOUR CENTS TO WINCHESTER. Little expeditions like this into the pockets of the travelling public always follow little extravagances like the Storey and Hines legal fees.

The AMERICAN is not inclined to criticize Mr. Storey too severely. In making his charge he is only following a settled custom. It is the custom itself which we attack. Mr. Charles S. Mellen, Mr. Elliott's predecessor, whose extraordinary ability and railroad experience his severest critics never questioned, has recently declared that twenty-five thousand dollars a year was enough to pay for ALL THE TIME of the BEST railroad president. Mr. Mellen KNOWS.

The public not only is obliged to pay these fees which partake so much of the nature of graft by paying higher fares and freight rates, but it suffers indirectly even more severely from the discontent, suspicion and pessimism which these things create in the community.

The President of the United States receives but \$75,000 for a whole year of life-shortening labor. The Governor of Massachusetts receives but \$10,000 a year for work that takes all his days and, as Governor Walsh said recently, "many evenings far into the night." The Attorney General receives but \$7,000 for a whole year's labor, and the best lawyers of the State have been Attorneys-General.

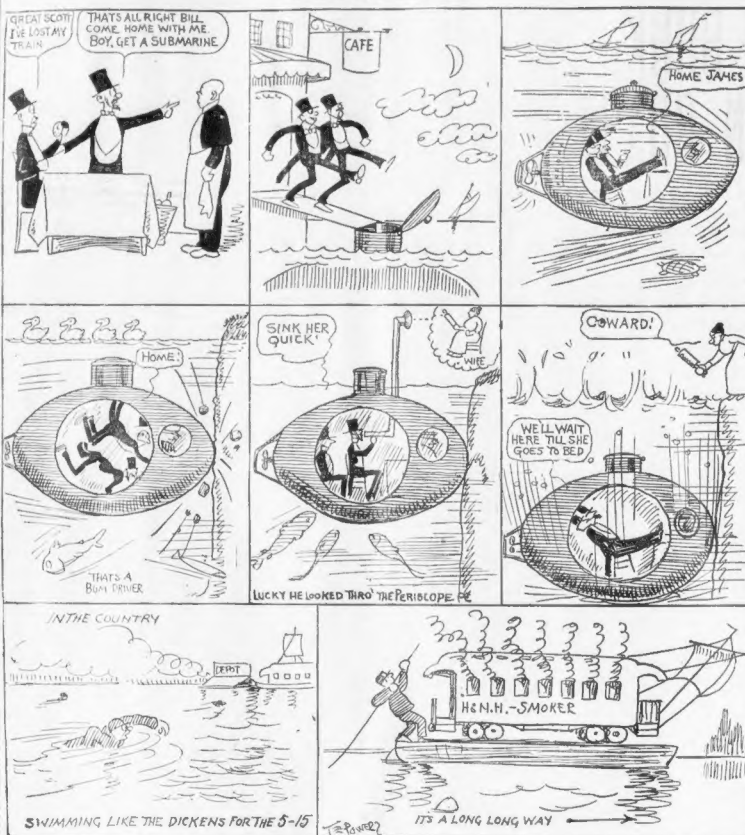
The great fees paid by the public service corporations are evidence of the graft which permeates the whole public service corporation business as conducted by private interests. These monstrous fees are only one of a thousand items of the waste and extravagance which Louis D. Brandeis declared before the Interstate Commerce Commission, after investigation, cost our railroads alone MORE THAN A MILLION DOLLARS A DAY. It is

(CONTINUED IN LAST TWO COLUMNS)

The Uses of a Submarine

By T. E. POWERS

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Bungalow Finds One Handy in the January Thaws

The Selfishness of Parents

"It Is Wrong for Them to Think That Their Children Should Support Them," Says Dorothy Dix

By DOROTHY DIX

WHEN parents are old and poor it is indignantly the duty of their children to support them, but it is equally as much the duty of the parents to support themselves if they can.

Unless incapacitated by age or sickness, there is no earthly excuse for a father or mother to sit idly by, with folded hands, to be fed or clothed by some hard-working son or daughter who already finds it difficult enough to make a living. Old people, like young people, are far better off for being engaged in some active natural occupation that keeps their interests alert and their minds occupied.

Of course, men generally do go on working as long as they are able, but middle-aged women, when they are left widows, have a way of knocking off work and going to live either with their married children, where they are almost always undesirable in the house, or else of calmly settling themselves down on an unmarried son or daughter to be supported. And another thing she has a perfect right to do this, and that her children are a bank account that she can draw upon at will.

This is a wrong view of the subject. An active, able-bodied woman should be just as much ashamed of grafting on her children as she would be of sponging on anybody else. Because she here and took care of them when they were little does not put them under an everlasting debt of gratitude that she can never repay. Slightly few of us are called upon to give thanks for having been born, and, having thrust life upon us, the least our parents can do is to take care of us until we are old enough and strong enough to engage in the same

and being liable of existence on our own account.

Unfair to Children

Leaving aside, however, the question of duty between parents and children, there is no fact that stares us more unobscuredly in the face than that fathers and mothers should take definite steps to prevent themselves from becoming burdens on their children, either financially or spiritually.

Wherever it is possible enough money should be laid aside in a secret fund, never to be touched for any other purpose, to secure a man or woman a home of his or her own, instead of forcing him or her to be an unwelcome guest beneath an "in-laws' roof."

It is astonishing how many people neglect to do this. They go on blithely spending every cent they make, under the calm assumption that they have sufficiently provided for their old age by leaving children on whom they can depend when they are no longer able to work. This is most unfair. Of course, every decent man and woman will take care of their aged parents, but it is often done at a ruinous price to the son or daughter. Most men, in these days, have all of the burden that they can stagger along in providing for their own wives and children, and when to this is added the support of their parents it becomes the last feather that breaks the camel's back.

Every human being knows that age is bound to come, and not to provide for the days when one's earning power is gone is nothing short of dishonesty, for if we cannot take care of ourselves we rob other people when we force them to feed and clothe and house us. As I have said, none are not

often dependent on their children. Women are. Not many women have much opportunity to save up enough money to make them independent, but every woman can learn some sort of a trade or profession that she can follow, should her husband die, so that she will not have to become a parasite upon her children.

Especially would I urge the woman who has established herself in business, or who has some job, not to give it up, however besought, to go and live with her children. Independence means happiness and dependence means misery, and there's a vast difference in the attitude of even the most dutiful children between mother with her own pocketbook and mother with her hand held out for alms.

There Are the In-Laws

Also there is always the son-in-law or the daughter-in-law to be reckoned with, and the son-in-law or the daughter-in-law who does not secretly or openly resent having to support mother-in-law and have her always on the premises is as rare as hen's teeth.

Yet any woman with ordinary common sense should have wisdom enough to foresee that the time will come when her children will marry and set up homes of their own, and that she should provide herself with enough outside interests to keep her going when they leave her.

The truth is, there are too many dependent parents who should be independent, and they need to get away from the idea that parenthood is a graft that can be worked to any extent. It isn't. It is an awful obligation that no father or mother can ever sufficiently fail.

"Of Cabbages and Kings"

Almost everything in the world will be discussed in the Sunday AMERICAN and discussed by experts.

Marriage—War—Babies.

All of these most interesting subjects will be discussed in the Sunday AMERICAN.

In the Sunday AMERICAN will be revealed the identity of the young woman who, for several days, has been asking readers of the AMERICAN to help her find a husband.

The girl-in-search-of-a-husband is not only young but pretty. She knows how to cook. She is an expert with the needle. She loves children. She wants to preclude over somebody's home for him.

This appears to be the opportunity that some of our New England young men have been sighing, dying, praying for. By 10 o'clock on Monday morning there ought to be at least one bachelor less in this community.

Speaking of WAR.

Queer how differently men view the European cataclysm.

Hudson Maxim, for example, one of the most famous of living New Englanders, tells us that the United States must be prepared to take on the winner of the great war. In the language of the great inventor, "WE ARE DOOMED TO FIGHT WHOEVER WINS THIS WAR!" Mr. Maxim's opinions are certainly important to say the least. An entire page of the Sunday AMERICAN is given over to Maxim's thoughts on the war and its consequences.

Augustus Peabody Gardner, the Hamilton Congressman, is ANOTHER good Yankee.

According to Captain Gardner, the standing army of this country is a standing joke. The volunteer militia, Congressman Gardner says, is another laugh.

The Representative in Congress from the Sixth Massachusetts district, NOT an alarmist, is NOT a seeker after notoriety. Nobody has ever called him demagogue. He has been looking into our military unpreparedness. He has discovered things the country ought to know. He discusses some of these things in a notable contribution to the Sunday AMERICAN.

Then we hear from a famous New Englander whose very name suggests war and Indians and powder and the bugle-call—Major-General Nelson A. Miles.

The great hope of the future, says General Miles, lies in a World Federation—the United States of the World—as a guarantee of peace.

RUDYARD KIPPLING writes of England's citizen army, continuing his Sunday AMERICAN reports of visits to the great training camps of the right little, tight little island.

HILAIRE BELLOC, by many regarded as England's foremost military authority—at least among the writing men—discusses what may be expected when the war is over.

The Sunday AMERICAN will contain two pages of war pictures, the newest, the latest, the best.

And that will be about all, concerning the war, except the war NEWS of the day and the night. (The wires will be humming until 3 o'clock Sunday morning.)

George Bernard Shaw, having dropped the war for the moment, asks who will do the drudging when the Socialist commonwealth is finally established. (A most interesting question, answered in a manner truly Shavian by the gentleman who composes it.)

In the magazine section of the Sunday AMERICAN we read that the Garden of Eden has been rescued from the profane sovereignty of the Turks, and the British guns now guard the entrance of the most famous spot of Old Testament history—where Adam and Eve lived, were tempted, and fell.

Also, that the celebrated Dr. Alexis Carrel, one of the most distinguished members of the laboratory staff of the Rockefeller Research Institute, has performed an almost incredible miracle of surgery, giving the right arm of a dying soldier to a French girl, whose own right arm had been torn off by a shrapnel shell.

On the bright side:

Why Boston babies are the BEST BABIES IN THE UNITED STATES, and why Boston babies are GROWING better every day is told in a wonderfully interesting story by a Sunday AMERICAN reporter who makes babies his special interest in life.

On the social side:

A review of the week by "The Drovers," who writes of Boston society from the inside. Two pages of new photographs. All about the great benefit performance in aid of the Belgian Relief fund, all about the Suffrage dramatics, and all about the ANTI-Suffrage dramatics.

On the sunny side:

The comic section of the Sunday AMERICAN will continue to keep us informed with reference to the Katzenjamer children, the Brown infant and Tige, Their Only Child and poor unhappy Mr. Happy Hoologan.

Some day we hope to be able to announce that Mr. Hoologan and Suzanne have reached the altar and at last are Mr. and Mrs. H. H.

But alas! not yet.

Finally:

To avoid disappointment speak TODAY to your newsdealer. Say to him: "Be sure to save a Sunday AMERICAN for me."

President Elliott Says the New Haven Is Practicing the Strictest Economy

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST TWO COLUMNS.)

characteristic of private management of our public service corporations. It is inherent in private management of our public service corporations. No amount of public regulation will ever cure this evil.

Public ownership is the ONLY remedy, for ALL OTHERS have failed, and ARE FAILING most grievously. Public ownership will not only stop this increasing extortion, but will remove one of the great sources of graft and inefficiency in politics. Thousands of men in this country go into politics to blackmail the corporations, and are welcomed by the corporations because they are easily controlled for very small considerations in the name of campaign funds or other largesses insignificant in comparison with the value of the privileges which they give away to the corporation at the expense of the public. Such men under public ownership would have no inducement to enter public life. This and numerous other sources of public corruption will be removed by PUBLIC ownership.

Inklings and Thinkings

By WEX JONES

"Read a poem before going to bed," advises a Kansas paper. Surely must be easier ways of inducing sleep.

Appears that a person sometimes described as a "toon" or a "nut" is known to alienists as a "psychopathic inferior." Doesn't sound any moreattering than the others.

Swiss glaciers shrinking—Headline. From what?

Cure for high cost of living—"eat hash." 'Tis fear the conviction that does this is merely adding to our list of "life's mysteries."

New York woman hasn't spoken to her husband for five years. How does he do it?

If an amateur athlete can't sell his trophies, what's the use of being an amateur athlete?

The Minneapolis Journal says of Thomas Campbell's "bottle hime" that they "revel like a great gun." Must mean Maurice McLaughlin.